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# EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

**Second-largest subscriber base**
- India has the second largest telecom network in the world.
- Total subscriber base in the country stood at 1,183.51 million at the end of March 2019.

**Rising penetration rate**
- Telecom penetration, also known as tele-density, has grown rapidly over the course of the past few years.
- Tele-density grew from 18.23 per cent in FY07 to 90.11 per cent in FY19.

**Second-highest number of internet users**
- India has the second highest number of internet subscribers globally.
- Total number of internet subscribers stood at 604.21 million, at the end of December 2018.

**Affordability and lower rates**
- Availability of affordable smartphones and lower rates of data are expected to drive growth in the Indian telecom industry.

*Source: Telecom Regulatory Authority of India, Aranca Research*
ADVANTAGE INDIA
The government of India has introduced Digital India programme under which all the sectors such as healthcare, retail, etc. will be connected through internet.

Also, with 70 per cent of the population staying in rural areas and a rapidly increasing rural telecom penetration, the rural market would be a key growth driver in the coming years.

India ranks second in terms of number of telecommunication subscriptions, internet subscribers and app downloads globally.

Moreover, India is also one of the largest data consumers globally. Total mobile data usage in the country grew 109 per cent year-on-year to 4,867 PB per month in December 2018.\(^\text{1}\)

Telecommunication ratings in the country are expected to start rising within the next two quarters (Q3 and Q4 2018-19), providing higher pricing power to incumbent players.

The government has been proactive in its efforts to transform India into a global telecommunication hub.


As of January 2019, expenditure on telecom infrastructure and services by Government of India grew six fold to Rs 60,000 crore (US$ 8.31 billion) between 2014-19.

Notes: *Combined iOS App Store, Google Play and third-party android, *Nokia MBIT Index 2018, PB- Petabytes
Source: Economic Times, TRAI, App Annie, Department of Telecommunications

For updated information, please visit www.ibef.org
MARKET OVERVIEW
THE TELECOM MARKET SPLIT INTO THREE SEGMENTS

**Source:** Aranca Research

### Mobile (wireless)
- Comprises establishments operating and maintaining switching and transmission facilities to provide direct communications via airwaves

### Fixed-line (wireline)
- Consists of companies that operate and maintain switching and transmission facilities to provide direct communications through landlines, microwave or a combination of landlines and satellite link-ups

### Internet services
- Includes Internet Service Providers (ISPs) that offer broadband internet connections through consumer and corporate channels
TELECOM SUBSCRIBER BASE EXPANDS SUBSTANTIALLY

- India is currently the second largest telecommunication market and has the second highest number of internet users in the world.
- India’s telephone subscriber base expanded at a CAGR of 17.44 per cent, reaching 1,206.22 million during FY07–18.
- Tele-density (defined as the number of telephone connections for every 100 individuals) in India, increased from 18.3 per cent in FY07 to 92.84 per cent in FY18.
- Total telephone subscriber base and tele-density reached 1,183.51 million and 90.11 per cent, respectively, at the end of March 2019.

**Note:** CAGR - Compound Annual Growth Rate  
**Source:** Telecom Regulatory Authority of India"
The share of the wireless segment in India’s telecommunications market has increased steadily.

As of March 2019, the wireless segment comprises 98.17 per cent of telephone subscriptions, compared to 95.90 per cent in FY11.

Similarly, share of rural subscribers in total telephone subscribers has surged as telecommunications penetration has increased.

As of March 2019, rural subscribers form 43.46 per cent of total telephone subscribers, compared to 33.35 per cent in FY11.

*Source: Telecom Regulatory Authority of India*
WIRELESS SUBSCRIPTIONS WITNESS ROBUST GROWTH OVER THE YEARS

- Wireless subscriptions have grown robustly over the past few years.
- Between FY07-18, wireless subscriptions in the country increased at a CAGR of 19.61 per cent to 1,183.41 million.
- The growth in wireless subscriptions has led to a significant rise in wireless tele-density.
- Wireless tele-density of India has increased more than five-fold from 18.23 per cent in FY07 to 92.84 per cent in FY18.
- At the end of March 2019, wireless subscriptions stood at 1,161.81 million while wireless tele-density reached 90.11 per cent.

Note: CAGR - Compound Annual Growth Rate, ^CAGR is up to FY18
Source: Telecom Regulatory Authority of India
STRONG GROWTH IN BROADBAND DRIVES INTERNET ACCESS REVENUES

- Total broadband subscriptions in the country increased at a CAGR of 60.03 per cent during FY07–18 to reach 412.60 million. Subscriptions stood at 563.31 million, as of March 2019.
- The number of wired broadband subscriptions stood at 18.42 million, at the end of March 2019.
- Wireless broadband subscribers# stood at 544.83 million, at the end of March 2019.

Note: CAGR - Compound Annual Growth Rate, ^CAGR is up to FY18, #Includes Mobile devices users and Fixed wireless subscribers
Source: Telecom Regulatory Authority of India;
NUMBER OF INTERNET SUBSCRIBERS INCREASING AT A FAST PACE

- The number of internet subscribers in the country increased at a CAGR of 42.69 per cent during FY06-FY18 to reach 493.96 million in 2017-18. Internet subscriptions in India surpassed the 500-million mark by the end of June 2018. At the end of December 2018, internet subscriptions reached 604.21 million.

- The number of internet subscribers in the country is expected to double by 2021 to 829 million#. Overall IP traffic is expected to grow 4-fold at a CAGR of 30 per cent by 2021.

Note: CAGR - Compound Annual Growth Rate; BSNL - Bharat Sanchar Nigam Ltd, IP – Internet Protocol, ^CAGR is up to FY18, #as per CISCO,
Source: Telecom Regulatory Authority of India, Business Monitor International

For updated information, please visit www.ibef.org
India holds the distinction of being the largest consumer of mobile data globally.

Data consumption in the country has witnessed exponential growth over the course of the past few years.

Total wireless data usage in India grew 119.00 per cent year-on-year to 14,283,256 terabytes between September-December 2018.

Note: CAGR - Compound Annual Growth Rate
Source: Telecom Regulatory Authority of India, Lok Sabha
Indian telecom sector’s gross revenue grew from US$ 32.05 billion in FY08 to US$ 39.49 billion in FY18.

Gross revenue of the telecom sector stood at Rs 175,219 crore (US$ 25.04 billion) between September-December 2018.

Indian telecom sector’s revenue is expected to grow by 7 per cent in FY20 backed by stabilizing tariff wars and increased spending by subscribers due to minimum recharge plans.

**Note:** CAGR - Compound Annual Growth Rate, FY – Indian Financial Year (April – March)
**Source:** Telecom Regulatory Authority of India’s Performance Indicator Report, Aranca Research, Crisil
A surge in the subscriber base has necessitated network expansion covering a wider area, thereby creating a need for significant investment in telecom infrastructure.

To curb costs and focus on core operations, telecom companies have been segregating their tower assets into separate companies. For example: Reliance Communications has decided to finalise a deal to sell its stake in Reliance Infratel. The value of the deal is around US$3.68 billion.

Creating separate tower companies has helped telecom companies lower operating cost and improve capital structure; this has also provided an additional revenue stream.

Inspired by the success seen by Indian players in towers business, most of the operators around the world are replicating the model.

**Emergence of Tower Industry**

- Rising competition
- Higher operating cost and debt burden
- Focus on tower sharing to reduce costs
- Segregation of towers into separate companies

*Source: Aranca Research*
RECENT TRENDS AND STRATEGIES
## NOTABLE TRENDS IN THE INDIAN TELECOM SECTOR ...

| Green Telecom | - The green telecom concept is aimed at reducing carbon footprint of the telecom industry through lower energy consumption  
| - The Government of India proposed a joint task force between Ministry of New and Renewable Energy (MNRE) and Department of Telecommunication to promote green technology in the sector. |

| Expansion to Rural Markets | - There are over 62,443 uncovered villages in India; these would be provided with village telephone facility with subsidy support from the government’s Universal Service Obligation Fund (thereby increasing rural tele-density)  
| - As of February 2019, the rural subscriber base accounted for 43.98 per cent of the total subscriber base, thereby fuelling growth across the sector |

| Emergence of BWA Technologies | - The most significant recent developments in wireless communication include BWA technologies such as WiMAX and LTE  
| - In March 2018, Bharti Airtel its VoLTE services in Kolkata while Vodafone launched VoLTE services in Jaipur and Jodhpur.  
| - As of June 2018, BSNL is expected to launch its 5G services by 2020.  
| - India is expected to be the second largest market in 5G services followed by China in the next 10 years. |

| Internet Of Things (IOT) | - IoT is the concept of electronically interconnected and integrated machines, which can help in gathering and sharing data. The Indian Government is planning to develop 100 smart city projects, where IoT would play a vital role in development of those cities.  
| - Reliance Jio has partnered with Samsung Electronics to set up a nationwide Internet of Things (IoT) network. As of May 2018, trials for the service have already begun at a few locations. |

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**Notes:** BWA - Broadband Wireless Access, TRAI - Telecom Regulatory Authority of India  
**Source:** Aranca Research
### NOTABLE TRENDS IN THE INDIAN TELECOM SECTOR

#### Consolidation
- Vodafone India and Idea have merged into Vodafone Idea. Vodafone Idea is unifying assets and aims to complete network integration by June 2020.
- Airtel’s acquisition of Tata Teleservices’ mobile business was given approval by Competition Commission of India (CCI) in November 2017. As of December 2018, the deal was cleared by the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT).

#### Rising investments
- In 2017, Vodafone disclosed its plans to invest US$1,310 million to upgrade and expand Vodafone India network coverage and US$ 655 million to upgrade its technology centre.
- The new National Digital Communications Policy 2018 has envisaged attracting investments worth US$ 100 billion in the telecommunications sector by 2022.

#### Outsourcing non-core activities
- As part of the recent outsourcing trend, operators have outsourced functions such as network maintenance, IT operations and customer service.

#### Mobile banking
- The number of mobile wallet transaction increased 5 per cent month-on-month to 325.28 million in July 2018.
- In March 2017, the government set a target of achieving 25 billion digital transactions for banks with the help of PoS machines, transactions enabled and merchants, which have been added in firms.
- As of April 2019, more than 480 banks have been permitted to provide mobile banking services in India.

#### Investments in optical fibre network
- Reliance Jio Infocomm is going to expand its optical fibre network to over 1,100 cities under its JioGigaFiber brand. The network is undergoing beta trials as of July 2018.
- In January 2019, Himachal Futuristic Communications Ltd (HFCL) decided to expand its optical fibre cable (OFC) manufacturing capacity to 10.5 million fkm from 7 million fkm.

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*Notes: FKM – Fibre Kilometre  
Source: ‘Searching for New Frontiers of growth: Indian Banks’ - PwC, Aranca Research, Reserve Bank of India*
Players are using innovative marketing strategies to succeed in this sector. For example,

- In August 2015, Idea Cellular launched new campaign “Get idea and dance”
- Airtel launched new ad campaign “Airtel myPlan Family”

Players differentiate themselves by providing different services to customers.

- Bharti Airtel has already partnered with Amazon Prime and Hotstar and is expected to tie up with Netflix to offer free subscription to Netflix’s content on its mobile customers.

Players have reduced the number of plans on offer and now offer a limited number of simple tariff plans along with particular marquee plans.

- This has simplified choosing plans for customers and customers can choose the best deals for themselves.

Players price their products very carefully due to the price sensitive nature of customers and high competition in the sector.

Notes: CDMA – Code Division Multiple Access, GSM - Global System for Mobile Communication
Source: Company websites, Aranca Research
## KEY COMPANIES IN THE MARKET

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Company</th>
<th>Ownership</th>
<th>Presence</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mahanagar Telephone Nigam Ltd (MTNL)</td>
<td>Government (56.3 per cent), Life Insurance Corporation (18.8 per cent)</td>
<td>Fixed-line and mobile telephony (in Delhi and Mumbai), data and Internet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bharat Sanchar Nigam Ltd (BSNL)</td>
<td>Government (100 per cent)</td>
<td>Fixed-line and mobile telephony (GSM – outside Delhi and Mumbai), data and Internet in 22 circles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bharti Airtel</td>
<td>Bharti Group (45.48 per cent), Pastel Ltd (14.79 per cent), Indian Continent Investment (6.65 per cent),</td>
<td>Broadband and mobile (GSM) in 22 circles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vodafone India</td>
<td>Vodafone (84.5 per cent), Piramal Enterprises (11.0 per cent)</td>
<td>Broadband and mobile (GSM) in 22 circles</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Source: Companies’ websites, Moneycontrol*
GROWTH DRIVERS
SECTOR BENEFITS FROM RISING INCOME, GROWING YOUNG POPULATION

Growing demand
- Higher real income and changing lifestyles
- Growing young population

Policy support
- Reduction in license fee
- Relaxed FDI Norms
- Encourages firms to expand to rural areas

Increasing investments
- Higher FDI inflows
- Increasing M and A activity

Note: FDI - Foreign Direct Investment, MOU - Minutes of Use per month and per subscriber, M&A - Mergers and Acquisitions
Incomes have risen at a brisk pace in India and will continue rising given the country's strong economic growth prospects.

- GDP per capita of India is expected to grow at a CAGR of 7.47 per cent from US$ 1,481.56 in 2012 to US$ 3,273.85 in 2023.

Increasing income has been a key determinant of demand growth in the telecommunication sector in India

- The emergence of an affluent middle class is triggering demand for the mobile and internet segments.
- A young, growing population is aiding this trend (especially demand for smart phones).


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**Telecommunication**

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STRONG POLICY SUPPORT CRUCIAL TO THE SECTOR’S DEVELOPMENT … (1/3)

To compensate the consumers in case of call drop
- In August 2017, TRAI directed operators to have a call-drop rate of not greater than 2 per cent.
- The policy measures of TRAI have had positive impact. Call-drops in the country have decreased from 0.94 per cent in 2016 to 0.52 per cent in March 2018.

Standards of quality wireline and wireless services
- In 2015, Telecom Regulatory Authority of India made regulations to amend the Standards of quality of wireline (telephone service) and cellular mobile telephone services. These regulations has been laid down to ensure better and effective compliance with the quality of service regulations and to protect the interest of the customers.

Relaxed FDI norms
- FDI cap in the telecom sector has been increased to 100 per cent from 74 per cent; out of 100 per cent, 49 per cent will be done through automatic route and the rest will be done through the FIPB approval route.
- FDI of up to 100 per cent is permitted for infrastructure providers offering dark fibre, electronic mail and voice mail.

Skill Development
- In May 2017, Microsoft India signed a Memorandum of Understanding with the Telecom Sector Skill Council (TSSC) to encourage skill development through "Project Sangam".
- In a major push for Prime Minister Narendra Modi's 'Skill India' mission, Microsoft's Indian-born CEO Satya Nadella launched a Cloud hosted platform named as "Project Sangam" to help the government not only train but also assist people get jobs via professional networking website LinkedIn, which was acquired by the company last year.

Notes: FDI - Foreign Direct Investment, FIPB - Foreign Investment Promotion Board
Source: TRAI, Aranca Research
### Telecommunication Tariff Order
- In February 2018, TRAI passed the Telecommunication Tariff (63rd amendment) order, according to which, telecom firms are free to give promotional offers to customers as long as the offers are transparent, non-predatory and non-discriminatory.

### Set up internet connections
- The Department of Information Technology intends to set up over 1 million internet-enabled common service centres across India as per the National e-Governance Plan
- On 8th August 2016, the Telecom Regulatory Authority of India (TRAI) made the 10th amendment to the TCPR (Telecom Consumers Protection Regulations) permitting telecom companies to offer data packs having maximum validity of 365 days

### Reduction in license fees
- In January 2015, the Government of India recommended reduction in license fees of telecom operators by 6 per cent, telecom operators currently pay 8 per cent of adjusted gross revenue as licence fee
- The issuance of several international and national long-distance licenses has created opportunities and attracted new companies into the market

### Make in India
- The Government of India has announced the Phased Manufacturing Programme (PMP) to promote domestic production of mobile handsets. This initiative will help in building a robust indigenous mobile manufacturing ecosystem in India, and incentivise large scale manufacturing.

**Notes:** USOF - Universal Service Obligation Fund; OFC - Optical Fibre Cable, WiMAX - Worldwide Interoperability for Microwave Access Telecommunications

**Source:** TRAI, Aranca Research
## STRONG POLICY SUPPORT CRUCIAL TO THE SECTOR’S DEVELOPMENT … (3/3)

### Financial support
- The USOF is expected to extend financial support to operators providing services in rural areas and encourage active infrastructure sharing among operators.

### Enhanced spectrum limit
- The prescribed limit on spectrum would be increased from 6.2MHz to 2x8 MHz (paired spectrum) for GSM technology in all areas other than Delhi and Mumbai, where it will be 2x10MHz (paired spectrum).
- Telecom players can, however, obtain additional frequency; there will be an auction of spectrum subject to the limits prescribed for the merger of licenses.
- In January 2018, the government revised cap on spectrum holding from 25 per cent to 35 per cent.

### Telecommunication amendment order for broadcasting and cable services
- In 2015, telecom authority issued this order mandating every DTH operator to specify the tariff for supply and installation of the customer premises equipment. DTH operator should specify the refundable security deposit, installation charges, monthly rental charge and activation.

### Indian Mobile Congress
- In October 2018, India held the second edition of the Indian Mobile Congress. The conference brought together more than 5,000 delegates and 50,000 visitors.
- Global and local industry leaders such as Samsung, Intel, Ericsson, Nokia, Airtel, Reliance Jio and Vodafone participated in the event, apart from others.

**Notes:** USOF - Universal Service Obligation Fund; OFC - Optical Fibre Cable

**Source:** TRAI, Aranca Research
National Digital Communications Policy, 2018

Connect India
- Provide Universal broadband connectivity at 50Mbps to every citizen
- Provide 1 Gbps connectivity to all Gram Panchayats of India by 2020 and 10 Gbps by 2022
- Enable fixed line broadband access to 50 per cent of households
- Achieve ‘unique mobile subscriber density’ of 55 by 2020 and 65 by 2022
- Ensure connectivity to all uncovered areas

Propel India
- Attract investments worth US$100 billion in digital communications sector
- Increase India’s contribution to global value chains
- Creation of innovation led start-ups in digital communications sector
- Train/Re-skill 1 Million manpower for building New Age Skills
- Accelerate transition to Industry 4.0

Secure India
- Establish a comprehensive data protection regime for digital communications
- Ensure net neutrality principles are upheld
- Develop and deploy robust digital communication network security frameworks
- Build capacity for security testing and establish appropriate security standards
- Address security issues relating to encryption and security clearances

Note: Mbps – Mega bits per second, Gbps – Giga bits per second
Source: National Digital Communications Policy, 2018
FOREIGN INVESTMENTS FLOWING IN … (1/2)

- FDI inflows into the telecom sector during April 2000 – March 2019 totalled to US$ 32.82 billion.
- During this period, FDI into the sector accounted for a share of nearly 7.93 per cent of total FDI inflows into the country.

Source: Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade (DPIIT)
Vodafone India and Idea Cellular have merged into ‘Vodafone Idea’ to become India’s largest telecom company, as of September 2018.

### Foreign investment in India

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Target</th>
<th>Acquirer</th>
<th>Acquisition price (US$ million)</th>
<th>Division acquired</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bharti Airtel</td>
<td>Singtel (as of February 2019)</td>
<td>367.15</td>
<td>Increase in stake to 48.90 per cent</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bharti Airtel</td>
<td>Singtel (2018)</td>
<td>411.02</td>
<td>Increase in stake to 48.90 per cent</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ascend Telecom Infrastructure Pvt. Ltd.</td>
<td>IDFC Alternatives (2017)</td>
<td>54.29</td>
<td>33 per cent stake</td>
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<td>Telenor</td>
<td>Bharti Airtel (2017)</td>
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<td>Infrastructure and Contracts</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bharti Airtel's operations in Burkina Faso</td>
<td>Orange SA (2016)</td>
<td>900</td>
<td>100 per cent stake</td>
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<tr>
<td>and Sierra Leone</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MTS</td>
<td>Reliance Communication (2015)</td>
<td>736.98</td>
<td>8 – 10 per cent stake</td>
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<tr>
<td>Augere Wireless</td>
<td>Bharti Airtel (2015)</td>
<td>21.3</td>
<td>100 per cent stake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bharti Airtel</td>
<td>SingTel(2013)</td>
<td>302</td>
<td>Increases stakes to 32.34 per cent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bharti Airtel</td>
<td>Qatar Foundation Endowment(2014)</td>
<td>1,260</td>
<td>PE deal – 5 per cent stake</td>
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<tr>
<td>Vodafone India Ltd</td>
<td>Vodafone International Holdings (2014)</td>
<td>1,641</td>
<td>Increases stakes to 100 per cent</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ascend Telecom Ltd</td>
<td>Ascend Telecom Infrastructure Pvt Ltd</td>
<td>54.29</td>
<td>33 per cent stake</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:** M&A - Merger and Acquisition, PE - Private Equity

**Source:** Thomson Banker, Deal Tracker, Grant Thornton, Aranca Research
OPPORTUNITIES
**OPPORTUNITIES ACROSS SEGMENTS IN THE INDUSTRY … (1/2)**

**Increasing mobile subscribers**
- India’s mobile subscriber base is expected to reach 1,420 million by 2024 from 1,200 million in 2018, with 80 per cent users having 4G connections.^
- As of January 2019, Airtel becomes the first operator to launch high speed data service, i.e 4G in group of islands like Andaman and Nicobar.

**Untapped rural markets**
- By March 2019, rural tele-density reached 57.47 per cent, growing from 43.05 per cent as of March 2016
- Rural wireless tele-density in the country increased to 57.13 per cent by March 2019 from 50.88 per cent as of March 2016.

**Rising internet penetration**
- Internet penetration is expected to grow steadily and is likely to be bolstered by government policy
- Number of broadband subscribers reached 563.31 million at the end of March 2019.
- To encourage cash economy, Indian government announced to provide free Wi-fi to more than 1,000 gram panchayats.

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**Note:** ^Ericsson Mobility Report November 2018  
**Source:** KPMG, TRAI, Aranca Research
## Development of telecom infrastructure
- TRAI has made several recommendations for the development of telecom infrastructure, including tax benefits and recognising telecom infrastructure as essential infrastructure.

## Growth in MVAS and cloud computing
- The Indian Mobile Value-Added Services (MVAS) industry is expected to row at a CAGR of 18.3 per cent during the forecast period 2015–2020 and reach US$ 23.8 billion by 2020.

## Telecom equipment market
- Telecom equipment market is expected to reach US$ 30 billion by 2020.
- In October 2018, telecom equipment producers committed over Rs 4,000 crore (US$ 554 million) worth of investments at the Indian Mobile Congress.
- Further, in October 2018, Swedish communications major Ericsson commenced exports of 5G-ready telecom equipment from the country.

## Growing Cashless Transactions
- In order to overcome the cash related problems being faced by people, due to demonetisation, Paytm launched a service through which consumers and merchants can pay and receive money instantly, without an internet connection.
- This has enabled non-smartphone users to go cashless.
- Value of Unified Payments Interface (UPI) transactions grew to more than Rs 1.42 trillion (US$ 20.32 billion) in April 2019.

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Notes: VAS - Value-Added Services, NTP - National Telecom Policy, * - as per IDC, ^ - as per Electronics Industry Associations

Source: Press Information Bureau, Government of India, Aranca Research
MOBILE APPLICATION MARKET: FAST GROWING SEGMENT

- In 2017, India surpassed USA to become the second largest market in terms of number of app downloads.
- App downloads in the country increased from 6.51 billion in 2016 to 12.07 billion in 2017.
- Moreover, during the first quarter of 2018, India became the world’s fastest-growing market for mobile applications. The country remained as the world’s fastest growing market for Google Play downloads in the second and third quarter of 2018.
- App downloads in India are expected to increase to 18.11 billion in 2018F and 37.21 billion in 2022F.
- The segment’s growth is expected to be driven by increasing mobile connections and availability of low-range smartphones.
- Over 100 million apps are downloaded every month across different platforms such as iOS, Blackberry, Nokia and Android.
- As of January 2019, India has witnessed a 165 per cent growth in app downloads in the past two years.

Notes: F – Forecast, *As per latest data available, ^Combined iOS App Store, Google Play and third-party android

Source: Gartner, Deloitte, Assorted News Articles, App Annie, Aranca Research
KEY INDUSTRY ORGANISATIONS
# INDUSTRY ORGANISATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Association of Unified Telecom Service Providers of India (AUSPI)</th>
<th>Association of Competitive Telecom Operators (ACTO)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Address: B-601, Gauri Sadan 5, Hailey Road, New Delhi – 110 001, India</td>
<td>Address: 601, Nirmal Tower, 26, Barakhamba Road, Connaught Place, New Delhi – 110 001, India</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tel: 91 11 23358585</td>
<td>Tel.: 91 11 43565353 / 43575353</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fax: 91 11 23327397</td>
<td>Fax: 91 11 43515353</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Website: <a href="http://www.auspi.in/">http://www.auspi.in/</a></td>
<td>E-mail: <a href="mailto:info@acto.in">info@acto.in</a></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Website: <a href="http://www.acto.in">www.acto.in</a></td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Internet and Mobile Association of India (IAMAI)</th>
<th>Cellular Operators Association of India</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Address: F-36, Basement, East of Kailash, New Delhi – 110 065, India</td>
<td>Address: 14, Bhai Vir Singh Marg, Sector 4, Gole Market, New Delhi – 110001, India</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tel: 91 11 46570328</td>
<td>Tel: 91 11 2334 9275</td>
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<td>E-mail: <a href="mailto:kalyan@iamai.in">kalyan@iamai.in</a></td>
<td>E-mail: <a href="mailto:contact@coai.in">contact@coai.in</a></td>
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<td>Website: <a href="http://www.iama.in">www.iama.in</a></td>
<td>Website: <a href="http://www.coai.com">www.coai.com</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
GLOSSARY

- **BWA**: Broadband Wireless Access
- **CAGR**: Compound Annual growth rate
- **DoT**: Department of Telecommunication
- **FDI**: Foreign Direct Investment
- **FTTH**: Fibre To The Home
- **FY**: Indian Financial Year (April to March)
- **IMF**: International Monetary Fund
- **INR**: Indian Rupee
- **IPTV**: Internet Protocol Television
- **M&A**: Mergers and Acquisitions
- **MoU**: Minutes of Use per month and per subscriber
- **MPEG**: Moving Picture Experts Group
- **OFC**: Optical Fibre Cable
- **TRAI**: Telecom Regulatory Authority of India
- **USOF**: Universal Service Obligation Fund
- **US$: US Dollar
- **VAS**: Value-Added Services
- **WiMAX**: Worldwide Interoperability for Microwave access telecommunications

Wherever applicable, numbers have been rounded off to the nearest whole number.
## Exchange Rates

### Exchange Rates (Fiscal Year)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>INR Equivalent of one US$</th>
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### Exchange Rates (Calendar Year)

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</table>

**Source:** Reserve Bank of India, Average for the year
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