FY25



Agriculture and Allied Industries



Gross Value Added By Agriculture And Allied Sectors (US\$ billion) (At Constant prices) 288.78 283.68 279.00 276.37 277 01 267.90 259.71

FY22

FY21

Cereals



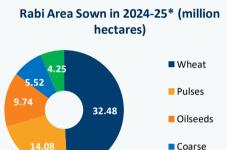
SECTOR COMPOSITION











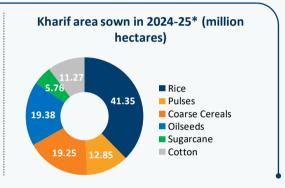
FY20

FY19

Note: * As of 4th February 2025

FY18



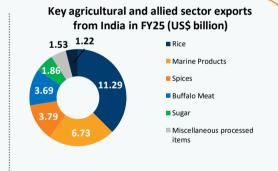


FY24

Note: * As of 23rd September 2024

FY23











Pradhan Mantri Annadata Aay SanraksHan Abhiyan (PM-AASHA)

- Robust demand: The demand for organic products in the Indian market is growing and is anticipated to rise with a CAGR of 25.25% between 2022-27. India's fruit exports have surged by 47.5% over the past five years. India currently exports fresh fruits to over 85 countries. In the period from FY20 to FY24, the value of India's fresh fruit exports grew by 47% from Rs. 5,716 crore (US\$ 669 million) to Rs. 8,431 crore (US\$ 986 million), and the quantity increased by 69% from 7.55 lakh metric ton (MT) to 12.76 lakh MT.
- Competitive advantage: India has access to several natural resources that provide it with a competitive advantage in the food processing sector. Due to its diverse agro-climatic conditions, it has a wide-ranging and large raw material base suitable for food processing industries.
- Policy support: The budget for Department of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare increased to Rs. 21,933.50 crore (US\$ 2.53 billion) in 2013-14 and further advanced to Rs. 1,22,528.77 crore (US\$ 14.13 billion) in 2024-25, reflecting the government's commitment to agricultural development.
- Attractive opportunities: India's seaweed farming sector, currently valued at Rs. 200 crore (US\$ 23.02 million) is projected to grow to Rs. 3,277 crore (US\$ 377.19 million) over the next decade, potentially benefiting 1.6 million people, according to a report by Primus Partners.