

## **Agriculture and Allied Industries**

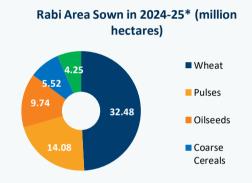


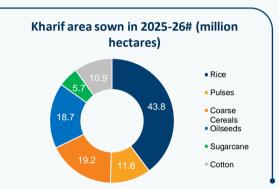
## Gross Value Added By Agriculture And Allied Sectors (US\$ billion) (At Constant prices) 288.78





**SECTOR** COMPOSITION

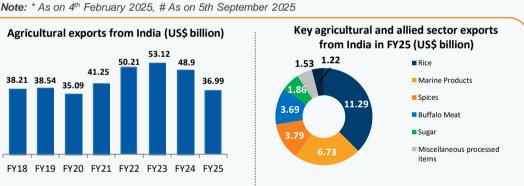






**KEY TRENDS** 







GOVERNMENT **INITIATIVES** 



**Pradhan Mantri** Fasal Bima Yojana



**National Agriculture** Market (eNAM)



**Pradhan Mantri Annadata Aay** SanraksHan Abhiyan (PM-AASHA)



**ADVANTAGE** INDIA

- Robust demand: India's agriculture and fisheries exports grew from Rs. 2,49,264 crore (US\$ 35.16 billion) in FY20 to Rs. 4,33,819 crore (US\$ 51.23 billion) in FY25, recording 7.82% CAGR and reflecting strong demand growth.
- Competitive advantage: India has access to several natural resources that provide it with a competitive advantage in the food processing sector. Due to its diverse agro-climatic conditions, it has a wide-ranging and large raw material base suitable for food processing industries.
- · Policy support: The budget for Department of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare increased to Rs. 21,933.50 crore (US\$ 2.53 billion) in 2013-14 and further advanced to Rs. 1,27,290.16 crore (US\$ 14.89 billion) in 2025-26, reflecting the government's commitment to agricultural development.
- Attractive opportunities: India's seaweed farming sector, valued at Rs. 200 crore (US\$ 23.02 million), as of March 2025, is projected to grow to Rs. 3,277 crore (US\$ 377.19 million) by 2035, potentially benefiting 1.6 million people, according to a report by Primus Partners.