ADVANTAGES

Political and economic hub
- Important centre of trade and commerce with several key industry associations operating in the state.

Attractive avenues for investment
- Key state with immense scope for development of the service industry.
- Huge potential for agrochemical-based products with access to Haryana, Uttar Pradesh, Rajasthan and Punjab.
- Companies are focusing on investing in the flexible packaging industry.

Rich skill pool
- Largest share of skilled workforce in the country. 30% of the workforce is qualified for occupations such as engineering, medicine, law, and consultancy.
- It houses a few of the country’s most prestigious institutes such as IIT, IIFT, FMS and AIIMS.
- Range of fiscal and policy incentives are proposed under the Industrial Policy for Delhi.
- Well developed social, physical and industrial infrastructure.
- In July 2021, Delhi government collaborated with Google to provide citizens real-time information about buses and improve transport services.

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KEY GOVERNMENT POLICIES AND OBJECTIVES

Excise Policy 2021-22
The Delhi government announced the ‘New Excise Policy 2021-22’ to generate optimum revenue and encourage ease of doing business.

Delhi Solar Energy Policy 2016-2020
Generate 1,000 MW of solar power in the next five years.

Medical Policy 2015-2016
Open new Primary Health Centres Implementation of the “Indra Dhanush Kawach” to supplement the Universal Immunisation Programme.

Delhi Water Policy 2016
Ensure adequate and affordable water supply to the residents of the state.

Industrial Policy for Delhi 2010-21
Make Delhi a hub of clean, high-technology and skilled economic activities by 2021.

GOVERNMENT VISION FOR THE STATE

Shelter
Provide housing for the urban poor, regulation of unauthorised colonies and optimum utilisation of available resources for housing.

Health Infrastructure
To improve public health and reduce infant mortality and child malnutrition Focus on public healthcare institutions

Educational facilities
Upgradation and modernisation of existing industries. Recognition and inclusion of new industries.

Infrastructure development
Improve power supply, drainage and waste management. Building regulations for safety of structures as per seismic zone. Land use zoning as per micro zonation.