

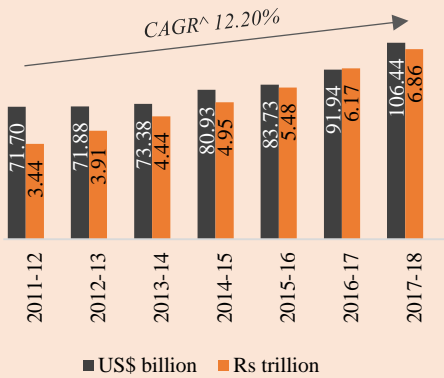


# DELHI

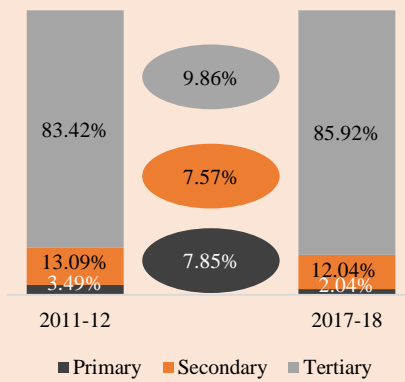
THE HEART OF INDIA

## Economic Snapshot

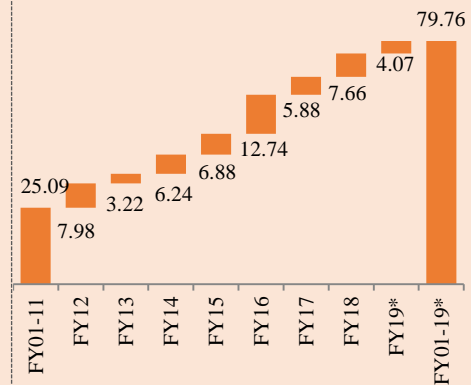
GSDP of Delhi at current prices



Composition of GSVA CAGR<sup>^</sup>



FDI inflows in Delhi\*\* April 2000 – June 2018 (US\$ billion)



Note: \*\* - Data for FDI includes parts of Uttar Pradesh and Haryana, 2017-18\* - up to June 2018, ^ - CAGR in Rs  
Source: Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, Department of Industrial Policy & Promotion

## Advantages

### Political and economic hub

- Has an **important position in the country** in terms of formulation of policies
- **Important centre of trade and commerce** with a number of key industry associations operating in the state.

### Attractive avenues of investment

- Key state with **immense scope for development of the service industry**
- Huge potential for agrochemical-based products with **access to Haryana, UP, Rajasthan and Punjab**

### Rich skill pool

- **30% of the workforce is qualified** for occupations such as engineering, medicine, law, and consultancy.
- **Largest share of skilled workforce** in the country
- It houses a few of the country's most prestigious institutes such as **IIT, IIFT, FMS & AIIMS**.

### Policy and infrastructure support

- Range of **fiscal and policy incentives** are proposed under the Industrial Policy for Delhi.
- Well developed **social, physical and industrial infrastructure**

## Key Government Policies and Objectives

### Medical Policy 2015-2016

- Open new Primary Health Centres
- Implementation of the "Indradhanush Kawach" to supplement the Universal Immunisation Programme

### Excise Policy 2015 - 2016

- Collection of Excise duty at import level from wholesale licensee and no increase in excise duty this year

### Delhi Water Policy 2015

- Ensure adequate and affordable water supply to the residents of the state

### Delhi Solar Energy Policy 2015

- Generate 1,000 MW of solar power in the next five years

### Industrial Policy for Delhi 2010-21

- Make Delhi a hub of clean, high-technology and skilled economic activities by 2021

## Government Vision for the state

### Shelter

Provide housing for the urban poor, regulation of unauthorised colonies and optimum utilisation of available resources for housing.

### Health Infrastructure

Achieve norms of 5 beds per 1,000 population. Enhancement of Floor Area Ratio for hospitals & other facilities

### Industry

Upgradation and modernisation of existing industries. Recognition and inclusion of new industries.

### Infrastructure development

Alternate source of energy. Power, drainage & waste management. Building regulations for safety of structures as per seismic zone. Land use zoning as per micro zonation.