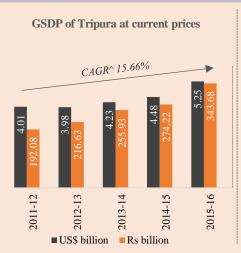
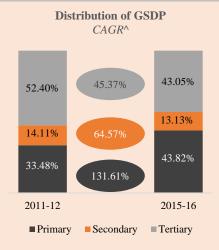


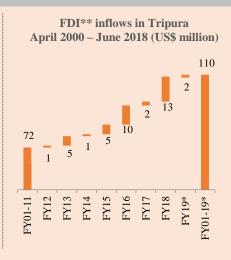
# TRIPURA

### THE LAND OF PERMANENT SPRING

# **Economic Snapshot**







Note: \*\* -Data for FDI includes Assam, Arunachal Pradesh, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Tripura, \* - As of June 2018, ^ - CAGR in Rs Source: Directorate of Economics and Statistics Tripura, Department of Industrial Policy & Promotion

## Advantages



#### **Tourism hub in North East**

 Blessed with scenic beauty, ancient places, temples, breathing taking verdant hills & bio-diversity treasure trove of wildlife sanctuaries



#### Untapped resources and medical plants

- 266 medicinal plants, 379 species of trees, 581 herbs, 320 shrubs & 165 climbers.
- Tripura has several potential sectors such as organic spices, bio-fuels & eco-tourism.



# Availability of skilled workforce

Tripura has a large base of skilled labour, making it an ideal destination for knowledge sectors. At 87.8 per cent, its literacy rate is higher than the national average rate.



#### Policy and infrastructure Support

 Wide range of fiscal & policy incentives for businesses under the Tripura Industrial Investment Promotion Incentive Scheme, 2012

# Key Government Policies and Objectives

IT/ITeS Policy and Roadmap - 2017	<ul> <li>Digital transformation of government services and development of digital infrastructure</li> </ul>	
Tripura Industrial Investment Promotion Incentives Scheme, 2012	Make Tripu	ara a preferred destination for industrial and trade activities
North East Industrial and Investment Promotion Policy (NEIIPP), 2007		e Northeast as an attractive investment destination by providing s and incentives
Eco Tourism Policy 2004	Promoting resources	sustainable use and management of natural forests and wildlife
Tripura State Bamboo Policy	bamboo res	economic, social and environmental potential of Tripura's source, develop it into one of the major economic sectors of the provide employment and income generating activities for the tribal oor

# Government Vision for the State

Easy movement of goods and people by investing in road, rail, inland water and air transportation.  Develop services that would promote tourism and increase tourists Improving the security scenario for safety of tourists.  Encourage the cultivation of HYV crops through better use of organic manure, fertilisers and pesticides.  Maximise self-governance and increase people participation	Infrastructure	Tourism	Agriculture	Governance
	people by investing in road, rail, inland water and air	promote tourism and increase tourists Improving the security	HYV crops through better use of organic manure, fertilisers	and increase people